

Electronic Prescriptions - Update for Pharmacists

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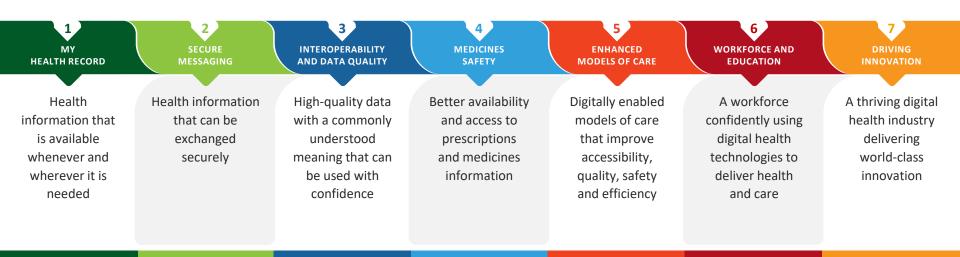
Purpose

- Overview of the roadmap for electronic prescriptions
- Software conformance and the Communities of Interest (COI)
- Highlight EP models and functionality that will be available Token vs ASL Model
- EP readiness
- Communications toolkit
- Additional resources
- Questions and answers



National Digital Health Strategy – roadmap for delivery

Co-designed with all states and territories and agreed by COAG Health Council





The Agency's role in developing electronic prescriptions

The Department of Health and the Agency have collaborated to develop the technical components of electronic prescribing, the conformance framework and national change and adoption activities.

The National Health (Pharmaceutical Benefits) Amendment (Electronic Prescriptions) Regulations 2019 identify the Agency as the organisation to which a conformant software product's **conformance identifier** is provided to in relation to software used to prepare an electronic prescription.







Roadmap

March

- Prescriptions for Telehealth (until 30 September 2020)
- Paper prescriptions

Now

- Progressive rollout of Electronic prescriptions – Token Model
- Paper prescriptions

From late 2020

- Electronic prescriptions – Token and Active Script List
- Paper prescriptions

https://www.health.gov.au/resources/collections/coronavirus-covid-19-national-health-plan-resources https://www.psa.org.au/coronavirus/regulatory-changes/#digital-image-prescription







- Electronic prescriptions are an alternative option to paper prescriptions.
- Previously, only a paper prescription signed by a prescriber has been the legal form by which medicines can be supplied.
- Paper prescriptions and electronic prescriptions will both meet the relevant Commonwealth and State and Territory legislation.
- Electronic prescriptions will not be mandatory. Patients and prescribers will be able to choose between a paper prescription and electronic prescription.



Prescriptions for Telehealth vs Electronic Prescriptions



	Prescriptions for Telehealth	Electronic Prescriptions			
What does the prescription look like?	 Paper prescription Clear digital image (PDF/Photo of paper prescription) 	Electronic			
Signature	Ink or Digital Signature	Prescriber HPI-I required			
How does the prescription get sent?	Doctor to Fax/Email/SMS the pharmacy. State/Territory requirements differ.	Patient brings in person, SMS/Email, App to pharmacy			
Who keeps the prescription?	Doctor, pharmacy (keeps printed copy)	Patient			
Repeats	Kept at pharmacy	Patient			
S4D/S8	State/Territory requirements differ	State/Territory requirements may differ			
End-date	30 September 2020	Ongoing			





Who can participate in electronic prescriptions?



Prescribers

- Any authorised prescriber, excluding veterinarians, may utilise electronic prescribing functionality provided by their software provider.
- Refer to jurisdictional legislation for more information on authorised prescribers.



Dispensers

- Any authorised dispenser may utilise electronic prescribing functionality provided by their software provider.
- Refer to jurisdictional legislation for more information on authorised dispensers.



Software Providers

- Dispensing software
- Prescribing software
- Prescription Delivery Service software
- Mobile applications
- Mobile intermediaries



Patients

- Any patient or someone acting on their behalf (agent) may choose to have a new prescription in EP form.
- Must have an Individual Healthcare Identifier (IHI)
- Existing paper prescriptions cannot be converted into an EP



Electronic prescriptions – token and active script list

Token Model

- Subjects of care may elect to manage their tokens on their mobile devices.
- The mobile device will display the token in a manner suitable for scanning using existing pharmacy equipment.

Progressively available since May 2020.

Active Script List (ASL) Model

- Dispensers can access an electronic prescription for a patient from an ASL following proof of identity
- ASLs overcome the issue of lost tokens and assists medicine management and adherence, especially for patients who are taking multiple medicines. Available from late 2020.





Case Study – community patient



Julian

- 4 years old
- Febrile, sore throat
- Concerned parents
- Consultation at GP clinic



Doctor

- Doctor issues an electronic prescription for an antibiotic
- Token is sent to Julian's parent via SMS

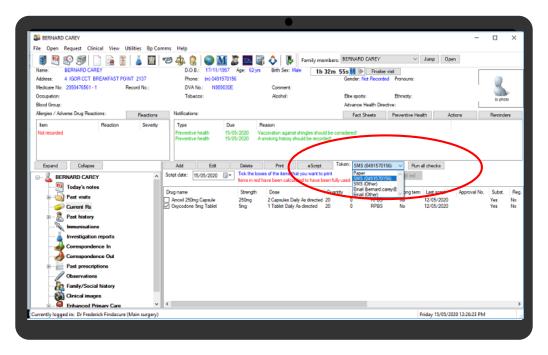


Pharmacist

- Parent attends pharmacy and presents token for Julian's prescription
- Pharmacist scans token QR code from device
- Dispenses electronic prescription



Token Model – prescribing method

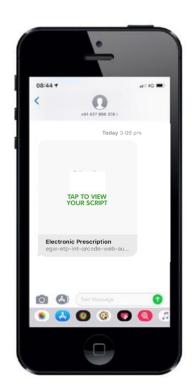


The electronic prescribing method is selected within the prescriber's clinical software



Token Model - demonstration

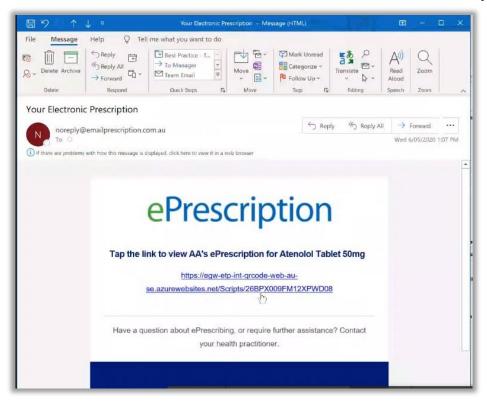


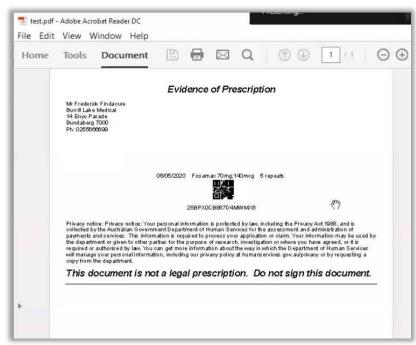






Token Model – patient view

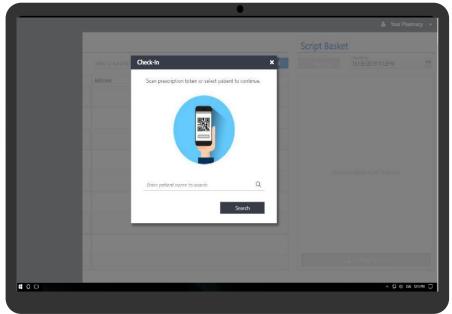






Token Model demonstration – pharmacy script-in counter









- The patient is unable to receive a token (e.g. does not have a smart phone).
- Token is sent to the wrong number/email.



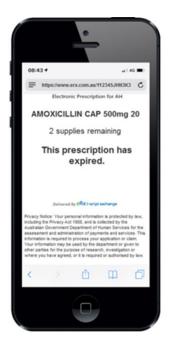
How does a patient obtain the prescription repeat token

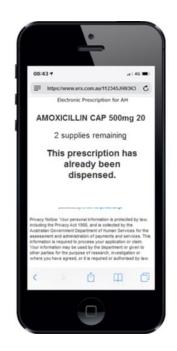


- The patient may provide their carer's contact details to receive the token on their behalf or elect to receive a paper prescription.
- The prescriber should ensure that the token is received during the patient consultation. However, if sent in error, the prescriber can cancel the prescription and generate a new token.
- 3. A new EP token for prescription repeat(s) will be issued to the patient from the pharmacy.



Token Model – expired script











- Patient accidentally deletes a token from their device.
- 5. Are there safeguards to prevent patients using their token at multiple pharmacies?



6. Will the software cater to legislative requirements of individual States and Territories?

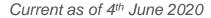


- 4. The prescriber can re-send the original or the latest repeat token to the patient as the prescription remains in the PDS until required by the patient.
- 5. Once a token has been scanned and dispensed by the pharmacy, it is invalid and cannot be reused.
- Software providers are working diligently on the specifics however practitioners are still obliged to ensure they are compliant with legislation in their practice.



Electronic Prescriptions: Regulatory Readiness by Jurisdiction

	Jurisdiction								
NSW	VIC	QLD	SA	WA	NT	TAS	ACT	Commonwealth	
Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing.	Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing.	Legislation does not currently recognise electronic prescriptions for medicine supply. Qld targeting June 2020 to have legislation passed through parliament.	Legislation does not currently recognise electronic prescriptions for medicine supply. SA targeting June 2020 to have legislation passed through parliament. Exemptions are available for electronic prescribing at the clinician level. Health have offered support to software developers to obtain clinician level exemptions for COI purposes.	Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing WA Health requires written notification of software developer name and product details; Evidence of the declaration of conformance made to the Agency; and information that shows the product satisfies the Medicines and Poisons Regulations 2016	Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing.	Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing. Tas Health requires an independent test of software to confirm compliance with Tas requirements.	Legislation is ready for electronic prescribing.	Updates to software conformance profiles have assisted software development at the commonwealth level including: FTEP Conformance Profile v1.1 published Conformance Profile v2.1 published; V2.2 under review; V2.3 for ASL under development.	



Electronic prescriptions conformance register

					Conformance Assessment		Declaration of			
l			Software		Scheme			Conformance		
Conformance ID	Software Vendor	Software Product	Version	Product Type	(CAS) version	Profile	form version	Start Date	End Date	Last Updated
eRxScriptExchange 1.0.0.0	Fred IT Group Pty Ltd	eRx Script Exchange	1.0.0.0	Prescription Delivery Service (PDS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	4/05/2020	30/09/2020	5/05/2020
	Best Practice		i	Prescribing System						
BestPractice 1.10.3.894	Software Pty Ltd	Bp Premier	1.10.3	(PS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	4/05/2020	30/09/2020	7/05/2020
				Dispensing System						
FredNXT 1.0.18206.2	Fred IT Group Pty Ltd	Fred NXT	1.0.18206.2	(DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	4/05/2020	30/09/2020	7/05/2020
FredDispense 1.0	Fred IT Group Pty Ltd	Fred Dispense	1.0	Dispensing System (DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	7/05/2020	30/09/2020	7/05/2020
	CW Retail Services Pty			Dispensing System						
myScript V2.0.0.0	Ltd	myScript	2.0.0.0	(DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	20/05/2020	30/09/2020	20/05/2020
				Dispensing System						
Minfos 5.12.2	Minfos Systems	Minfos	5.12.2	(DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	19/05/2020	30/09/2020	22/05/2020
MediSecure 3.0.0	MediSecure Pty Ltd	MediSecure	3.0.0	Prescription Delivery Service (PDS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	14/05/2020	30/09/2020	22/05/2020
	Wicaioccai e i cy zea		5.0.0	, ,			1.0	21,03,2020	30,03,2020	22,03,2020
Aquarius 3.107.1.1	Simple Retail Pty Ltd	Aquarius	3.107.1.1	Dispensing System (DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	21/05/2020	30/09/2020	22/05/2020
Zedmed 32.0	Zedmed Pty Ltd	Zedmed	22	Prescribing System (PS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	10/05/2020	20/00/2020	25 /05 /2020
zedined[32.0	zeamea r ty zta	Zeumeu	32	` ,	2.1	F1 1.1	1.0	19/05/2020	30/09/2020	23/03/2020
ZDispense 2.3.0	Z Software Pty Ltd	Z Dispense	2.3.0	Dispensing System (DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	27/05/2020	30/09/2020	27/05/2020
		Corum LOTS		Dispensing System						
CorumLOTSDispense 3.000.00	Corum Health Pty Ltd		3.000.00	(DS)	2.1	FT 1.1	1.0	12/06/2020	30/09/2020	12/06/2020

As at 15/06/2020



Communities of Interest



- A number of communities of interest are being established, to ensure a smooth roll-out of electronic prescriptions across the country.
- Australia's **first electronic prescription** in primary care was successfully transmitted in Anglesea, Victoria on **May 6 2020**.
- At least one general practice and at least one community pharmacy in a
 proximal location will be set-up as a community of interest (COIs). COI's are
 expected to grow as more providers gain electronic prescribing capability.
 Anglesea in Victoria is the first community of interest.
- Further communities of interest will be established to ensure the various combinations of prescription delivery services, prescribe, dispense, and third-party intermediary applications integrate smoothly and provide a future seamless electronic prescription experience for Australians.





Communications overview

- Pharmacies and General Practices are encouraged to communicate proactively with their consumers, when they are ready
- A number of resources are available for download or order:
 - resources for pharmacies and practices
 - consumer DL flyers, A3 posters, counter cards, email templates, window stickers
 - Facebook advertising
 - web banner
- Toolkits to be shared with local healthcare providers



Communication resources

DL Flyers



A3 Posters



Window Stickers







Electronic prescriptions readiness – checklist

- Ensure your practice has a HPI-O
- Confirm with your software provider whether a NASH or Medicare PKI certificate is required for access to the HI service and link it to the HPI-O
- Ensure your practice is connected to a Prescription Delivery Service such as eRx or MediSecure
- Install upgraded software and input HPI-O, HPI-Is and validate patient IHIs
- Update your patients and their carers' contact details on file (mobile phone number/ email)
- Stay up-to-date with relevant state and territory legislation.
- · Discuss workflow suitable for your organisation and keep your staff informed
- Keep in touch with your local healthcare providers (GP or pharmacy) to confirm whether they are able to generate/dispense electronic prescriptions
- Check the <u>Australian Digital Health Agency Website</u> for electronic prescriptions information and updates



Upgrade your software today

People will soon have the option to choose an electronic prescription as an easy and convenient alternative to paper prescriptions. Make sure your software is electronic prescriptions enabled.

> Learn more at digitalhealth.gov.au Connecting Australia to better healthcar



Recent information sessions

- Australian Digital Health Agency hosted:
 - Electronic Prescriptions update for Dispensers 24th June 6.30PM AEST
 - Electronic Prescriptions for Nurse Practitioners <u>17th June 6.30PM AEST</u>
 - Electronic Prescriptions update for Prescribers <u>23rd June 6.30PM AEST</u>
 - Clinical Peak Organisation updates:
 - PSA: Webinars on 17th and 24th June Register here
 - RACGP: Electronic Prescribing On-Demand Webinar throughout June.



Resources

Agency resources

- <u>Electronic prescriptions</u> webpage
- <u>Prescriber</u> and <u>dispenser</u> webpages
- Electronic Prescriptions Toolkit <u>prescriber</u> and <u>dispenser</u> webpages
- Upcoming <u>webinars</u>
- <u>Prescriber</u> and <u>dispenser</u> fact sheets
- eLearning modules (coming soon)
- FAQs



Department of Health resources

- <u>Electronic prescribing</u> webpage
- Fact sheet

Software provider Resources

- <u>ERX Script Exchange</u> webpage
- <u>MediSecure</u> webpage





Ben Wilkins



Q & A



Further information and support



Australian Digital Health Agency

Web: <u>www.digitalhealth.gov.au</u>

Email: <u>help@digitalhealth.gov.au</u>

Agency help line: 1300 901 001

LinkedIn: <u>linkedin.com/company/australian-digital-health-agency</u>

Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/AuDigitalHealth

Twitter: <u>twitter.com/AuDigitalHealth</u>

