### PRIMARY HEALTH NETWORK

## **Care finder**

## PHN WEBINAR

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## **PURPOSE AND TARGET POPULATION**

Specialised and **intensive** assistance to help people understand and access:

- aged care services and
- other relevant supports in the community.

#### **Target Population**

- Be **eligible** for aged care services i.e. must meet both of the following 1.
  - Are 'frail' or 'prematurely aged', which means they have a functional need for help with one or more activities of daily living

#### **AND**

- Aged:
  - ✓ 65 years or older (50 years or older for First Nations people) OR
  - ✓ 50 years or older (45 years or older for First Nations people) on a low income and homeless or at risk of being homeless.

### **PLUS**

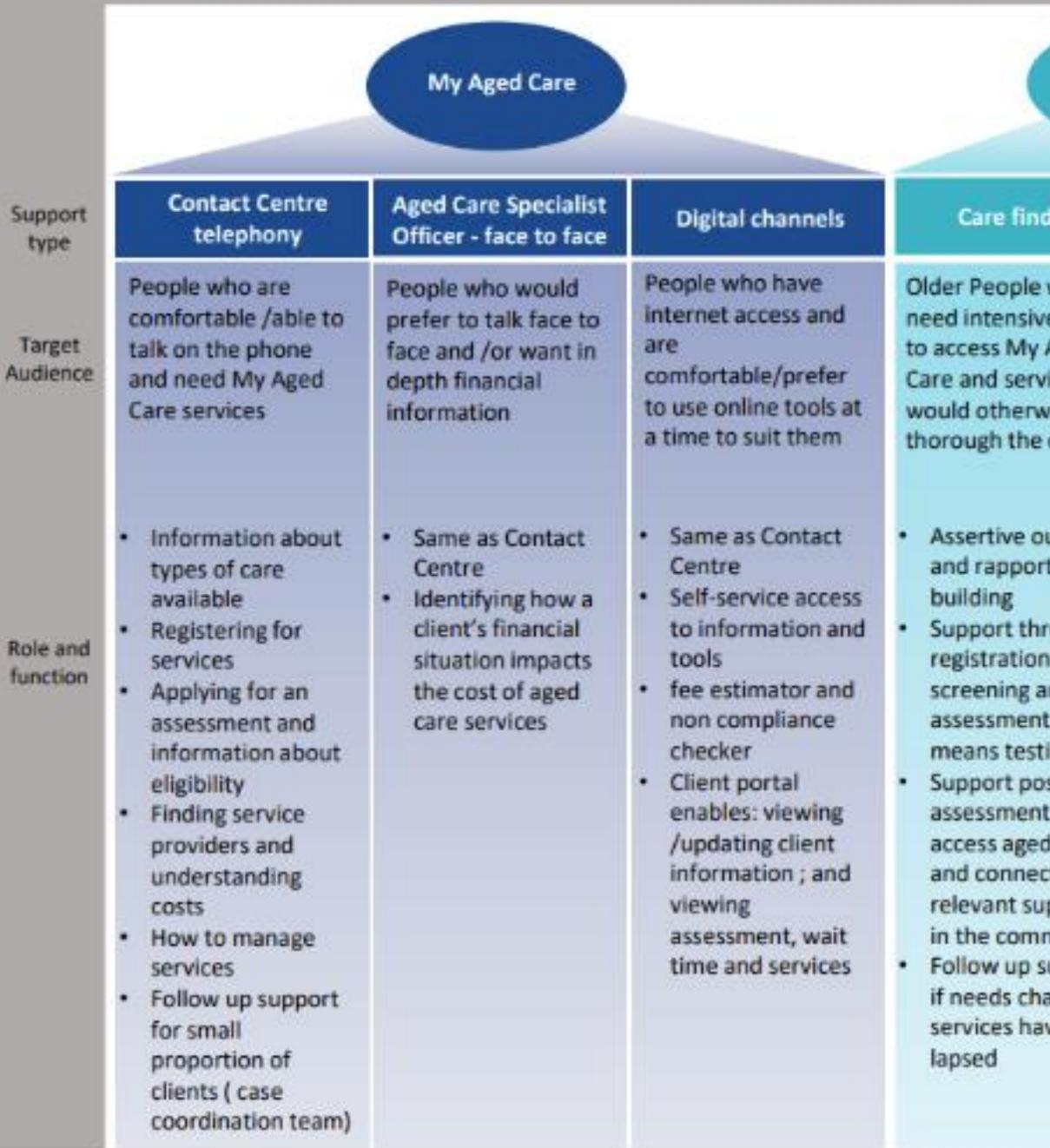
- Have one or more reasons for requiring **intensive** support 2.
  - Have no carer or support person who can help them;  $\checkmark$ 
    - ✓ have difficulty communicating because of language or literacy problems
    - find it difficult to understand information and make decisions
    - ✓ be reluctant to engage with aged care or government
    - $\checkmark$  be in an unsafe situation if they do not receive services.







## Roles and Responsibilities of Access, Navigation and Complementary support services

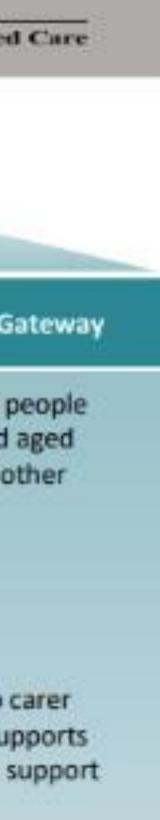




#### Australian Government

Department of Health and Aged Care

Supplementary support Support				
ders	<b>Elder Care</b> <b>Support</b> Community-led Pathways to Care	OPAN Advocates	National Dementia Helpline	Carer G
who ve support Aged vices who vise fall cracks	Aboriginal and /or Torres Strait Islander people who need intensive support to access services	People who need individual advocacy support in relation to aged care services they are receiving or arranging.	People with dementia and their families	Carers of p who need care and o services
outreach rt rough n, and it and it and ting ost it to d care ct with opports munity support ange or ave	<ul> <li>Support to understand the process to access services, what support is available, costs and their rights</li> <li>Assisting clients in assessment, choosing a provider and when in care</li> <li>Assist clients with other types of help</li> <li>National Aboriginal Community Controlled Health Organisation (NACCHO)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Helps people understand and exercise their aged care rights and choices including in situations of elder abuse.</li> <li>Helps people seek aged care services that suit their needs and find solutions to issues they may be experiencing with their aged care provider.</li> </ul>	Linking to dementia specific supports e.g. counselling post diagnosis	Linking to a specific sup e.g. carer s groups

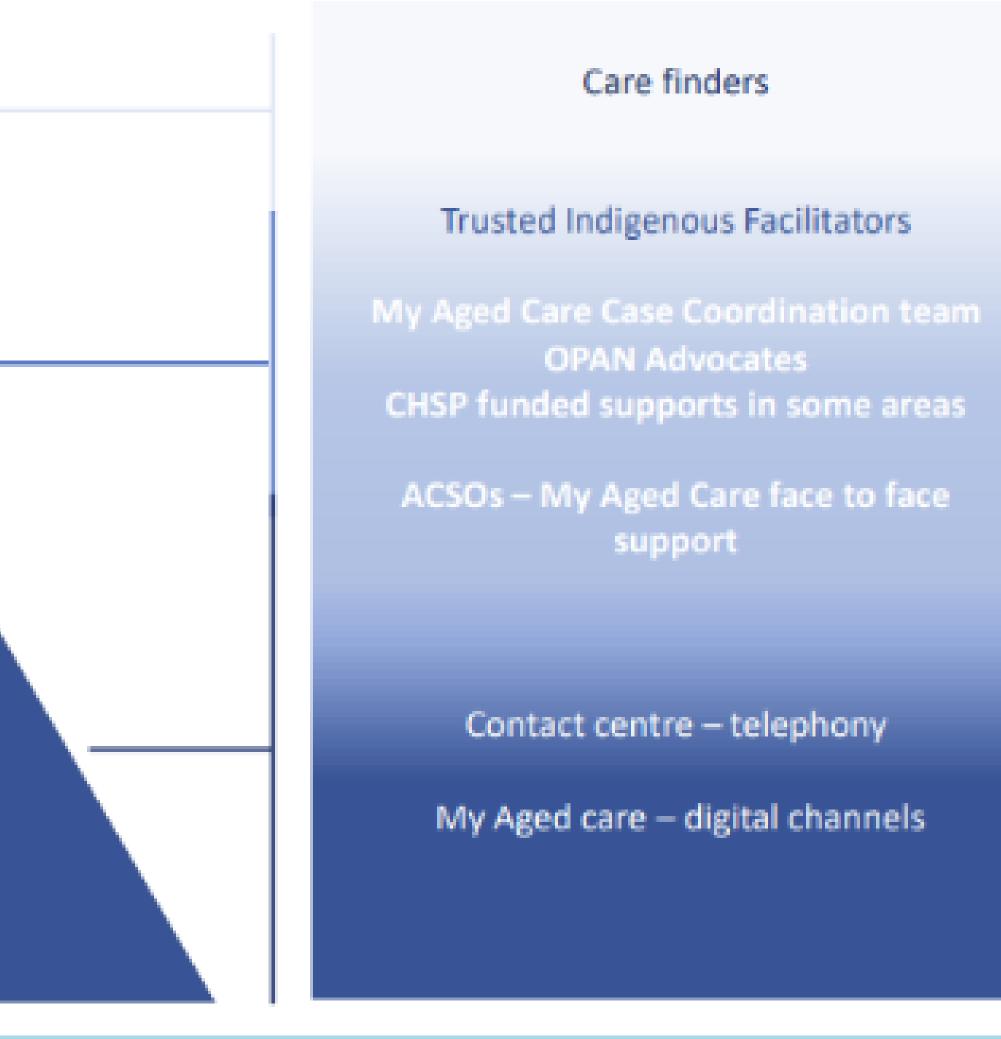


## Broadly, there are three levels of support to access aged care services (and other supports in the community)

#### Complex cases

Clients with barriers and need support to access aged care, or low engagement with aged care

Connection of the state of the Clients and their families who are able to be proactive in accessing services



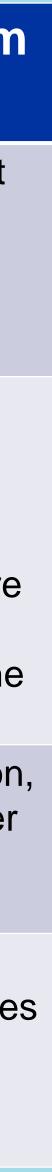


## EXAMPLE SCENARIOS TO EXPLORE TARGET POPULATION

Within care finder Target Population	Indiv My A
An individual who is uncomfortable engaging with government due to past discrimination and/or trauma (e.g. due to being homeless or identifying as LGBTIQ+, a Forgotten Australian or a care leaver) and whose partner feels the same way about accessing help.	a pers child t • ca • att • tal
A person who is socially isolated and at significant risk of a fall who is not currently engaging with aged care and to date have refused to ring My Aged Care to find out more about aged care and set up an assessment.	An inc some comfo • for • to an • to co
An individual with cognitive impairment and no family or close friends who live nearby to help them through the screening and assessment process.	A pers such a referre Servio
A person with low literacy who is having trouble understanding the information that providers are sending and has a carer who wants to help them but the person does not give permission for the carer to be their representative due to fear of elder abuse.	A pers advoc or res aged

## viduals who should be encouraged to use mainstream Aged Care support channels

- son who does not speak English, who has given permission for their adult to be their representative and their adult child is willing and able to:
- II My Aged Care for the person with an interpreter
- tend the assessment with the person and an interpreter
- Ik to providers with an interpreter to set up services
- dividual with a hearing impairment who prefers to communicate with one face-to-face because they find it difficult to hear on the phone and is ortable with one of the following alternatives:
- r their partner to call My Aged Care to set up an assessment
- go to a Services Australia service centre to find out more about aged care nd set up an assessment
- take part in a virtual call with assistance from an Auslan interpreter via the ontact centre
- son who is primarily making inquiries about aged care financial information, as the impact of refundable accommodation deposits, and would be better ed to the My Aged Care face-to-face service or Financial Information ce at Services Australia.
- son who should be referred to OPAN because they require independent cacy to exercise their right to make a choice in receiving aged care services olve problems or complaints with aged care providers in relation to the care services they receive.





## THE ROLE OF THE CARE FINDER

access my age care and arrange an assessment attend and provide support during the assessment find and short list local age care providers

complete forms, explain service agreements, break information down and conduct follow-up checks connect with additional community services by providing referral pathways and information

### Linking to other services such as;

- health services
- mental health services and supports
- social services and supports
- housing and homelessness services and supports
- drug and alcohol services and supports
- community groups.



## **CASE STUDIES**

Mary and Alice









### MARY'S JOURNEY



Mary is 72 with a long history of mental illness and a schizophrenia diagnoses.

She has a reluctance to engage with services due to a history of non voluntary hospitalisations.

After having a stroke on the street she was admitted to hospital.



Mary has one son whom she is estranged from and no other support person.

Mary had been living in a caravan in a caravan park without a suitable bathroom and unsustainable rent prior to the stroke admission.



Due to concerns about her ability to cope on discharge, her treating physio at the hospital suggested that a referral to a care finder service be completed.

Mary consented to this being completed.





### MARY BECOMES A CARE FINDER CLIENT



- was reassured.

• Once an intake assessment was completed with Mary through an intake worker, a case worker based in Mary's LGA reached out to her over the phone to begin the process of building rapport with a view to supporting Mary navigate the My Aged Care (MAC) process.

• They bonded and chatted over their mutual love of animals and Mary

 They arranged to do a home visit where the case worker would come and visit Mary at her home or a place she was comfortable with and they could create a plan together of what supports were needed.





## Support through registration, screening and assessment

- unsure of.
- care package.

• Mary identifies she requires some help with maintaining her home, she identifies that she needs help with completing personal care and dressing and she would like to receive meals on wheels, community transport, podiatry and physio to regain the use of her hand.

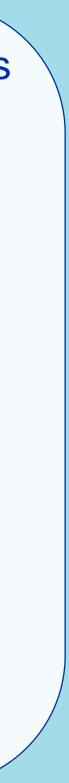
 They call My Aged Care and request an ACAT assessment and Mary signs a consent form for her care finder to act as an agent for MAC purposes.

• Once the ACAT assessment has been scheduled it was arranged that the care finder attends to support Mary and help break down any information she is

Mary has a successful ACAT assessment and is approved for a level 4 home

• As there was wait for the home care package the assessor approved Mary to receive supports through the commonwealth home support program (CHSP) in the interim and allocated her the relevant referral codes.

• The care finder broke the information and process down for Mary who was becoming quite confused at the process.





## Support post assessment

- Mary was approved as a priority allocation, however there was an estimated 6-9 month wait for her home care package (HCP) to come through.
- The care finder supports Mary with finding supports through the commonwealth home support program (CHSP).
- As Mary's housing is unsuitable the care finder supports Mary to complete a social housing application and secures her a long term rental with a local community housing provider.
- The care finder supports Mary to access a No Interest Loan to purchase the white goods and furniture she requires to move into the unit.
- The care finder regularly checks in with Mary to ensure she is happy with the CHSP providers that are providing a service.
- Once her package comes through the care finder once again supports Mary to research local providers that she is happy with and she chooses a provider that can give her the services she requires.
- Mary has modifications to her home to assist with showering, personal care and domestic assistance, meals on wheels, physio, podiatry, and community transport.





# High level check-

- with her provider.
- week she cancelled the service.

## • After 2 months, the care finder calls Mary to see how things are going and if she is happy

• Mary says the transport to the social group is working well but doesn't like that she gets different care workers each visit and they don't come at the time they say they will. Last

• The care finder suggests they could talk to the provider about the issues and Mary agrees.





## Follow up support if needs change or services have lapsed

- same staff.
- It is agreed that the care finder supports Mary with finding a new provider.
- They call one of the other providers in the area who promises to send only 2 different care workers and to be on time. They set up the service together.
- The care finder checks in again a few weeks later and all is going well.
- She checks in every 3 months after that.

• They call the provider but they can't resolve the issue and the provider cannot guarantee the





### ALICE'S JOURNEY



Alice, aged 72, is a member of the LGBTIQ+ community. She has several chronic health conditions that affect her mobility, she lives alone, and is socially isolated.



Alice registered with My Aged Care some time ago following a hospital admission, and has been approved for the Commonwealth Home Support Programme.

However, she reports that 'I think they have forgotten about me; I had my assessment and haven't heard from anyone, I am not sure what to do'.



The experience of feeling lost and forgotten in the system added to the discrimination that Alice has felt throughout her life, and made her reluctant to follow up with My Aged Care directly.

Alice mentions her issue to her GP at a routine visit, whom she has a good relationship.

The GP surgery had recently been visited by a care finder and they knew about the service and who it was for. The GP asked Alice to consent to a referral being made for her to help her navigate the process and Alice agreed.



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## Engagement and rapport building

- The care finder assisted Alice in securing assistance with transportation, domestic cleaning and garden
- She was fearful and distrusting of services due to her experiences of historical and ongoing discrimination, respectable, and supportive LGBTIQ+-inclusive facility.

## Support through setting up aged care services

needs and circumstances.

maintenance. However, nine months after the original case was resolved, Alice's health declined further; she needed ongoing assistance with self-care and, as a result, required admission to a residential aged care facility. prejudice and stigma. As such, she re-contacted the care finder to request support to find a welcoming, safe,

• Using her own knowledge of local residential aged care services, along with additional advice provided by the My Aged Care website 'Find a Provider' tool, the care finder helped Alice shortlist two residential aged care facilities that could be suitable for Alice. She visited each with Alice. Alice then decided which was more appropriate to her





## High level check-in

- her needs, and to ask if there was anything else she can do to help support Alice.
- Alice advised she has settled in well, felt welcomed and was having her care needs met.

• The care finder assisted Alice in attaining residential accommodation at her preferred facility and contacted Alice two months after she has moved in to see how she was, enquire if the residential facility was meeting





### **CARE FINDER REFERRAL PROCESS**

## Referrals to the care finder program can be made directly with our intake team via phone and email:

## Phone

• 02 9263 5177

## Email

- carefinders@wesleymission.org.au
- Complete an External Referral form.

## Minimum Information we require for a referral

Contact details and date of birth.

Language spoken and if an interpreter is required.

Relevant medical conditions and risk factors.

Confirmation consent has been given for the referral to be made.

Why you think care finder is the relevant service for this individual (ie how they meet the eligibility criteria).





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## **CARE FINDERS ACROSS HNECC**

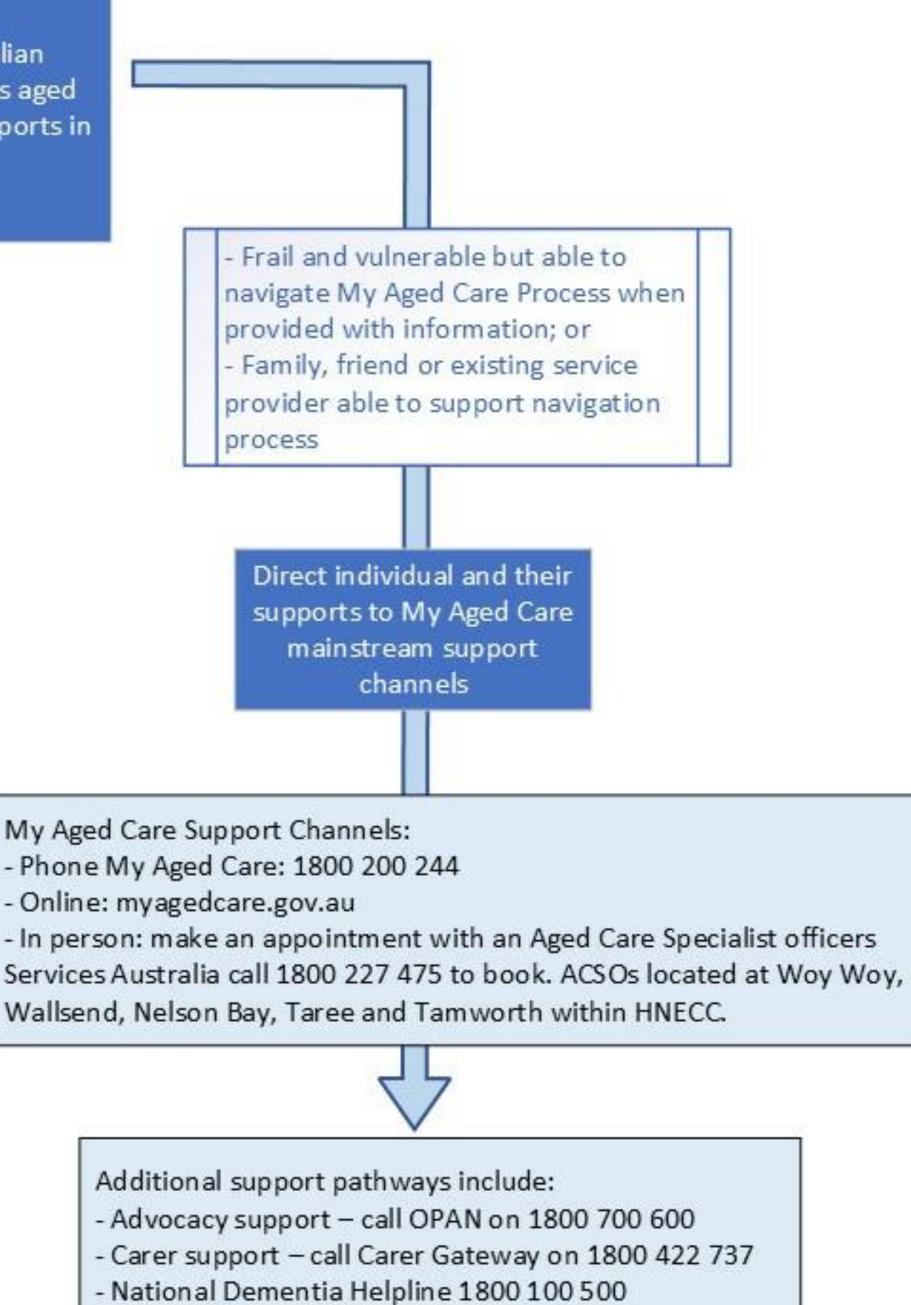
Region	Organisation	LGAs Serviced	Referral information
New England	Anglicare	Gwydir, Moree Plains, Narrabri, Gunnedah, Liverpool Plains, Tamworth, Walcha, Armidale, Glen Innes, Inverell, Tenterfield, Uralla	02 6701 8200 tamworth@anglicare.org.au
	Gunnedah Shire Council	Gunnedah and Narrabri	02 6740 2240 info@gococare.com.au
	The Benevolent Society	Tamworth	1800 236 762 customercare@benevolent.org.au
<section-header></section-header>	Bungree Aboriginal Association	Lake Macquarie, Cessnock, Maitland	02 4350 0100 enquiries@bungree.org.au
	Catholic Healthcare	Cessnock, Maitland	0403 983 482 vgraham@chcs.com.au
	HammondCare	Lake Macquarie, Newcastle	1800 826 166 HCAHCareNavigationService@hammond.com.a www.hammond.com.au/care-navigation-service
	Wesley	Lake Macquarie, Newcastle, Port Stephens, Cessnock, Maitland, Dungog, Singleton, Muswellbrook, Upper Hunter, Mid-Coast	(02) 9263 5177 Carefinders@wesleymission.org.au
Central Coast	Bungree Aboriginal Association	Central Coast	02 4350 0100 enquiries@bungree.org.au
	HammondCare	Central Coast	1800 826 166 HCAHCareNavigationService@hammond.com.a www.hammond.com.au/care-navigation-service
	Wesley	Central Coast	(02) 9263 5177 Carefinders@wesleymission.org.au







Vulnerable older Australian requiring support to access aged care services and other supports in the community.





My Aged Care Support Channels: - Online: myagedcare.gov.au

## **Care finder vs** Mainstream **Support Channels**





## **Care finder program**

https://thephn.com.au/what-we-do/care-for-older-people/care-finder-service https://www.myagedcare.gov.au/help-care-finder Questions: info@thephn.com.au





An Australian Government Initiative

